

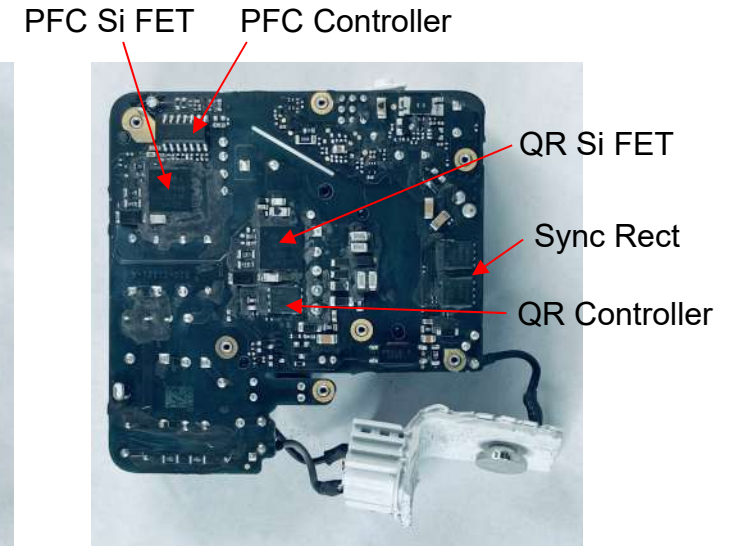
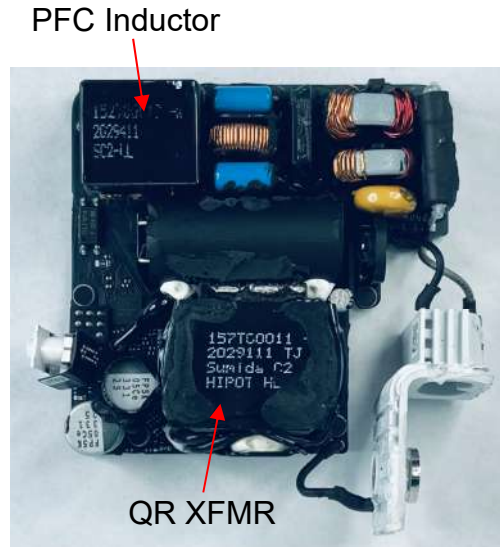
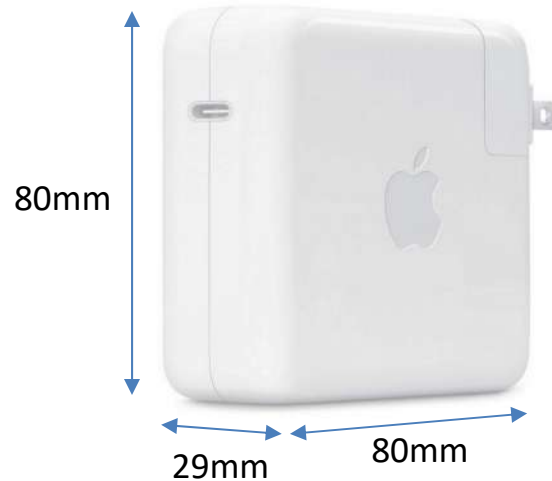
GaN Half-Bridge ICs Enable Next Gen Mid-Power, Multi-Port, High-Density Charger Topologies

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Presentation Outline

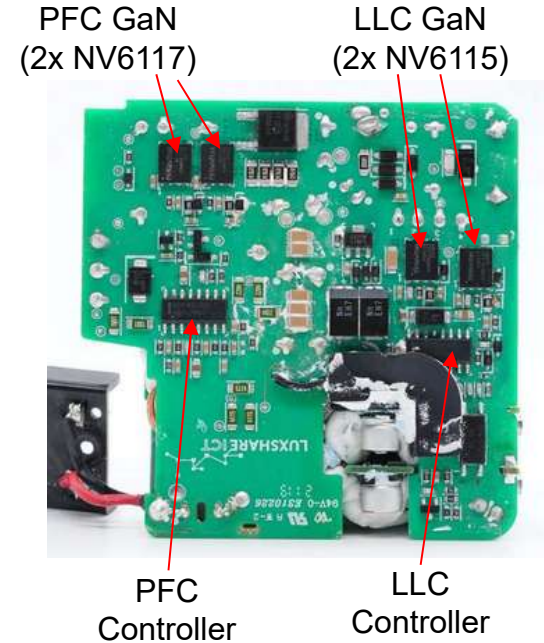
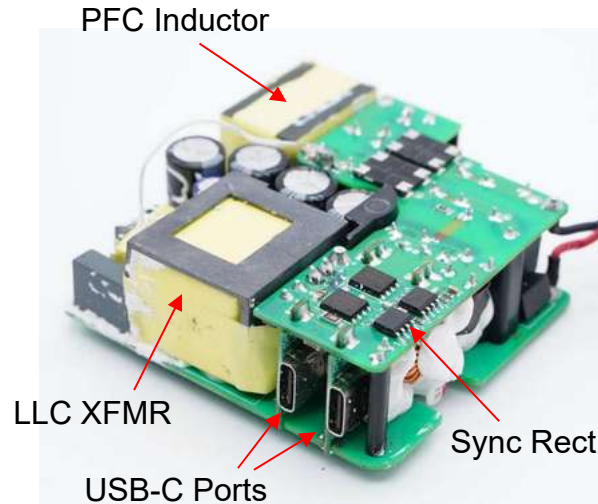
- Mid-power charger examples
- Mid-power circuit topologies
- AHB circuit topology
- USB-C PD Mid-power Multi-port block diagram
- 650V GaN Half-Bridge IC
- 140W-1C TTP + AHB charger

Apple 96W-1C (185cc)



- Topology = PFC + QR Flyback
- Cased Size = 80 x 80 x 29mm = 185cc
- Power Density = 0.52 W/cc
- Frequency = 80 kHz
- Efficiency = 92% @ 90VAC/100%

Lenovo YOGA 130W-2C (155cc)



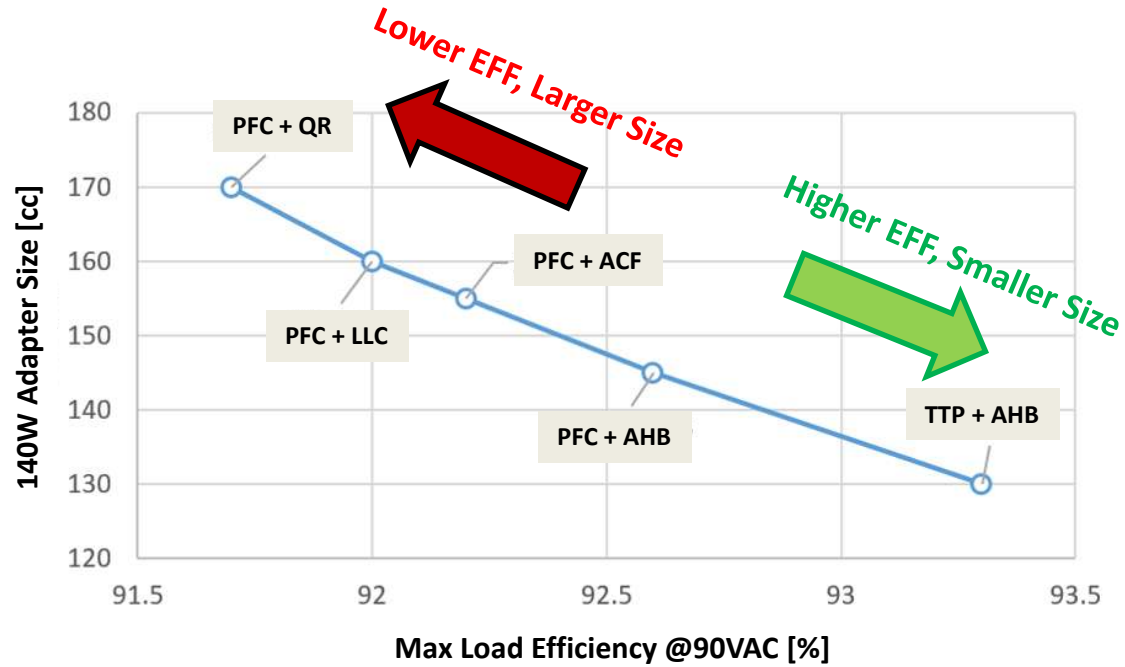
- -16% smaller size
- 2x higher frequency
- +0.5% higher efficiency
- 2x USB-C ports

- Topology = PFC + LLC
- Cased Size = 71 x 71.5 x 30.5mm = 155cc
- Power Density = 0.84 W/cc
- Frequency = 160 kHz
- Efficiency = 92.5% @ 90VAC/100%

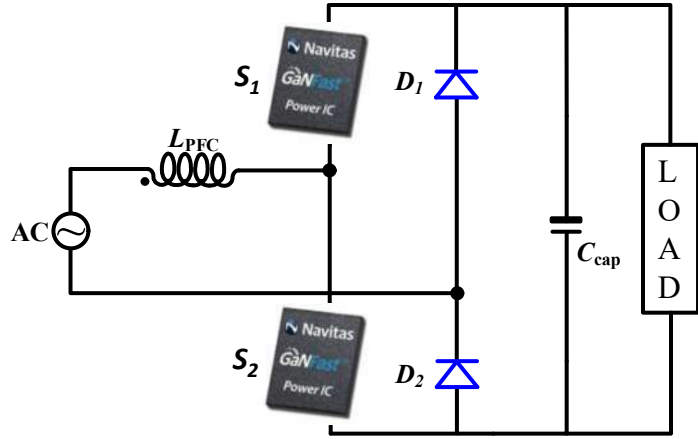
Mid-Power Circuit Topologies

	AC/DC	DC-DC	Adv/Disadv
PFC + QR			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2x HV Switches • 1x SR Switch • Variable Vout • Low Power Density • Low Efficiency • Low Cost
PFC + LLC			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3x HV Switches • 2x SR Switches • Fixed Vout • High Power Density • High Efficiency • High Cost
PFC + AHB			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3x HV Switches • 1x SR Switch • Variable Vout • High Power Density • High Efficiency • Medium Cost
TTP + AHB			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4x HV Switches • 1x SR Switch • Variable Vout • Highest Power Density • Highest Efficiency • High Cost

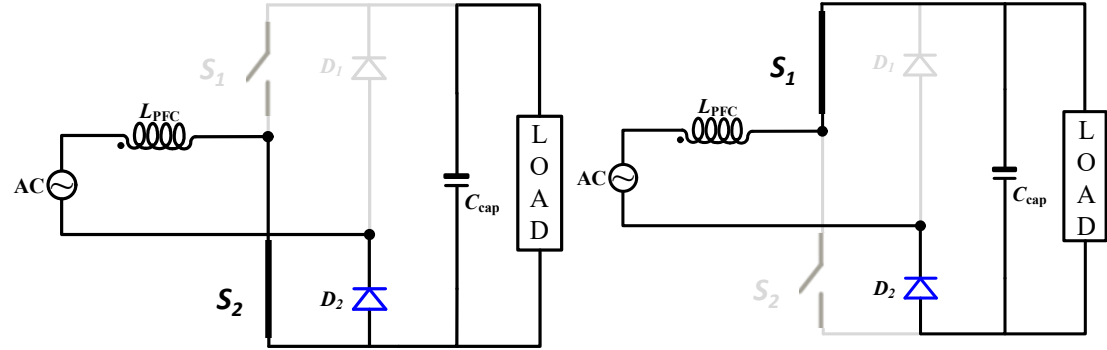
Size & Efficiency Matter



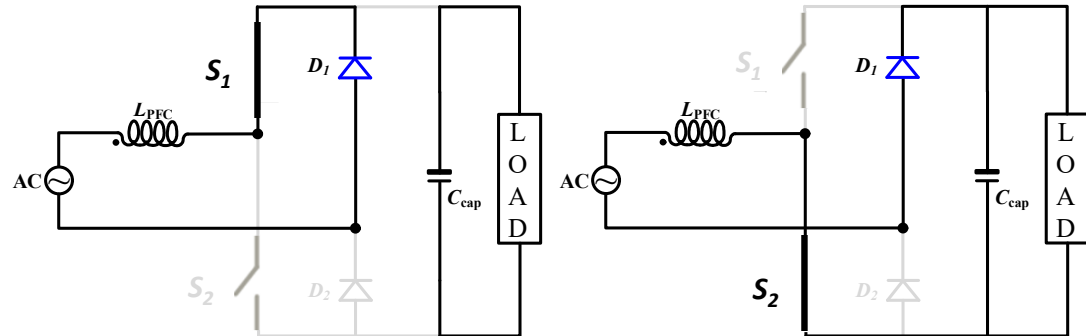
TTP = Totem Pole PFC



Positive AC line cycle



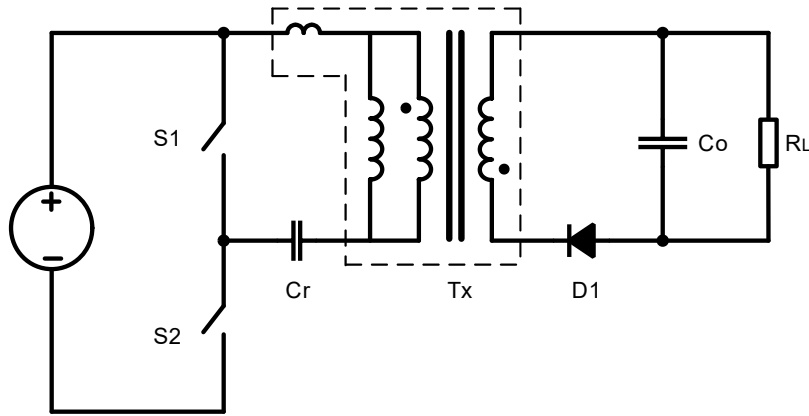
Negative AC line cycle



TTP Benefits

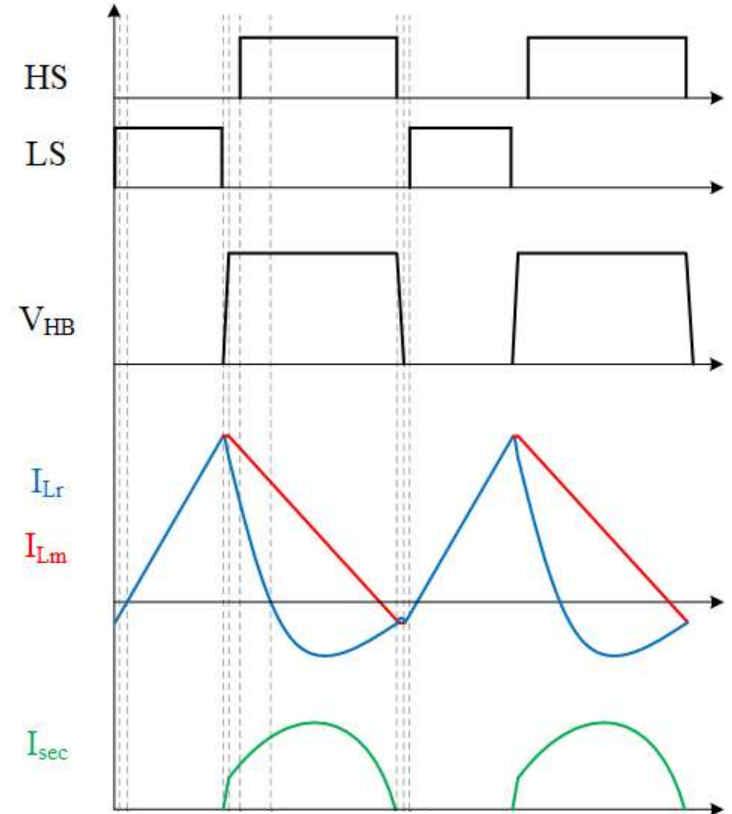
- ✓ Eliminates Input Bridge → High efficiency
- ✓ GaN Zero Qrr → CRM & CCM modes
- ✓ GaN High Frequency → Small inductor size

AHB = Asymmetric Half Bridge

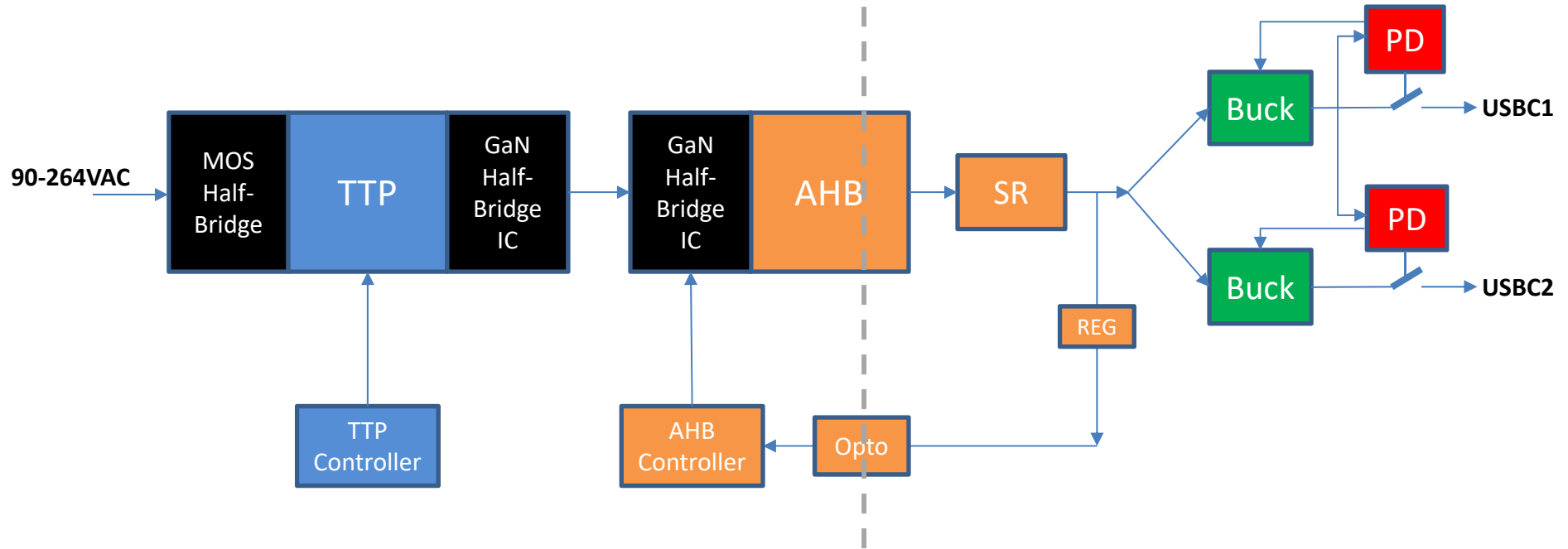


AHB Benefits

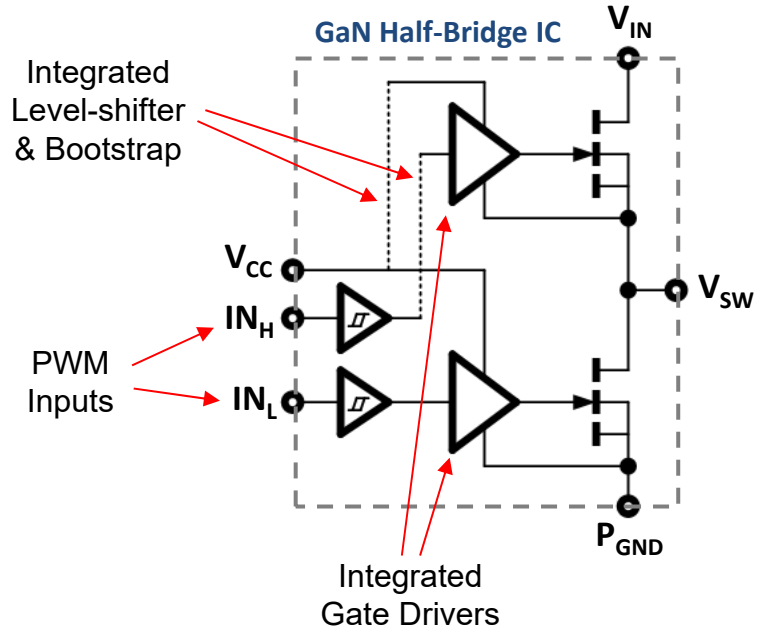
- ✓ **High efficiency** → Reduces losses, enables small charger size
- ✓ **ZVS operation** → Enables HF, reduce component size/cost
- ✓ **Variable Vout** → Enables USB-C PD3.1



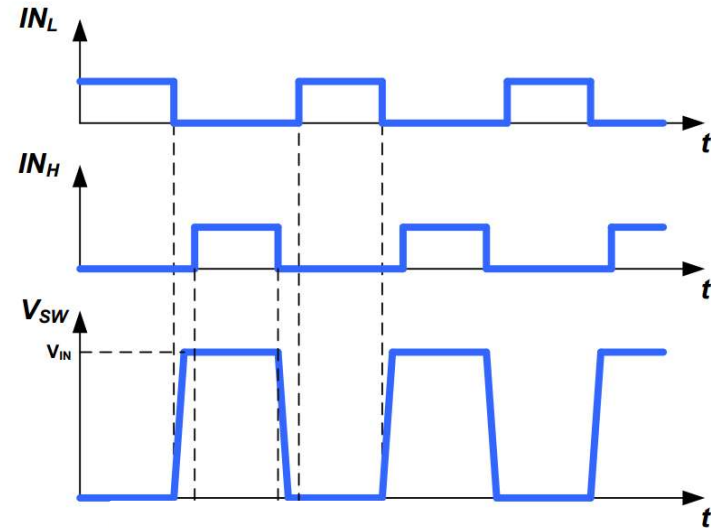
USB-C PD Mid-Power Multi-Port Block Diagram



PWM Signal In, GaN Half-Bridge Out



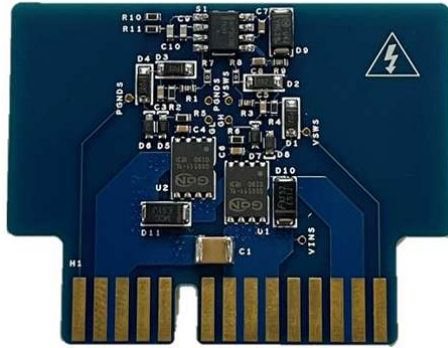
GaN Half-Bridge IC Timing Diagram (ZVS Mode)



GaN Half-Bridge IC = Smallest PCB Area, Fewest Components, No Ringing, No Glitching

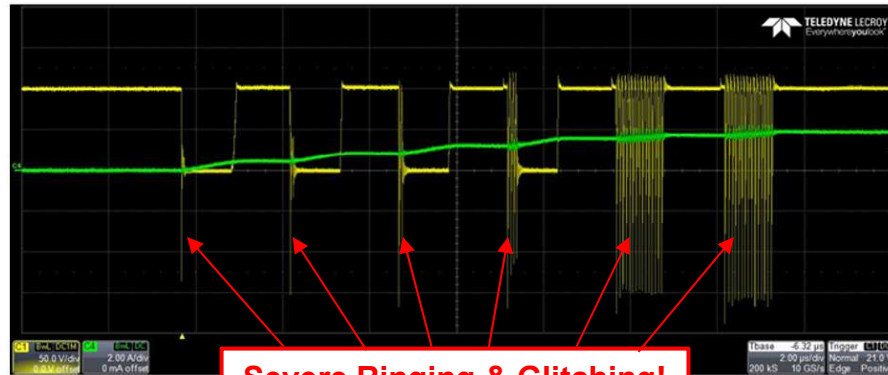
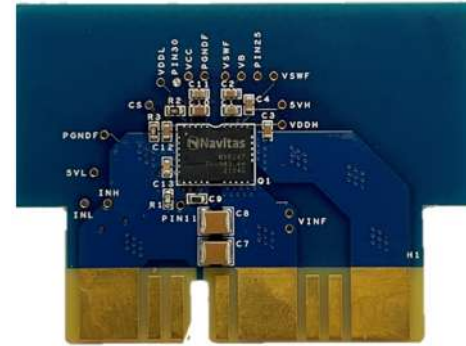
Discrete GaN Half-Bridge

- × 33 components
- × 250mm² footprint
- × 1x ext. HB driver HVIC
- × 1x ext. HV bootstrap
- × 2x HV bypass diodes
- × 2x gate drive circuits
- × Exposed gates

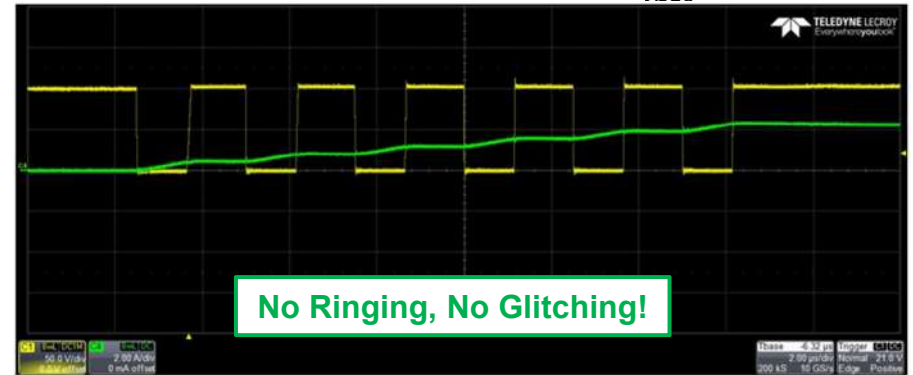


GaN Half-Bridge IC

- ✓ 13 components
- ✓ 90mm² footprint
- ✓ Int. level shifters
- ✓ Int. bootstrap
- ✓ Int. gate drivers
- ✓ No exposed gates



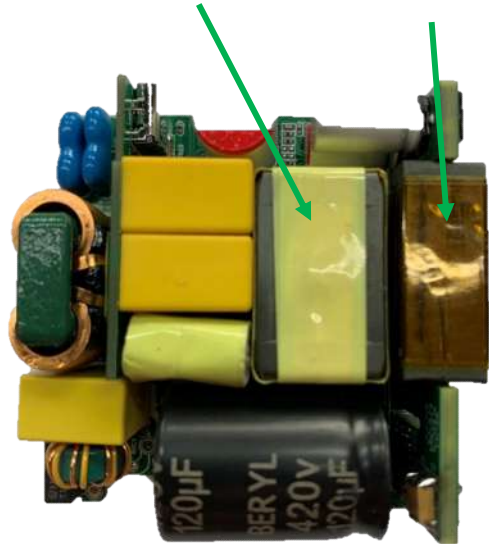
Severe Ringing & Glitching!



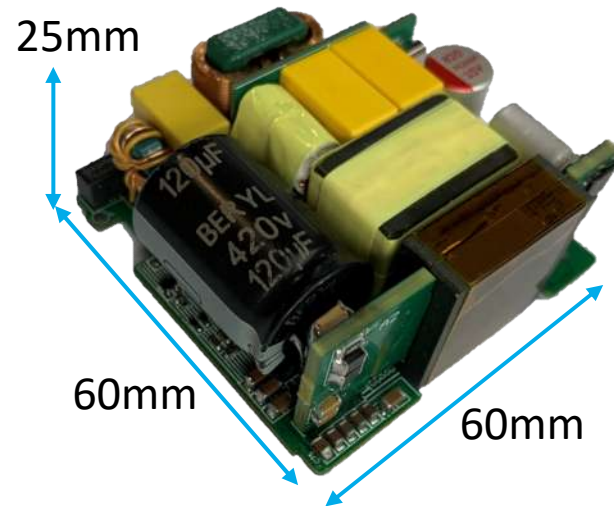
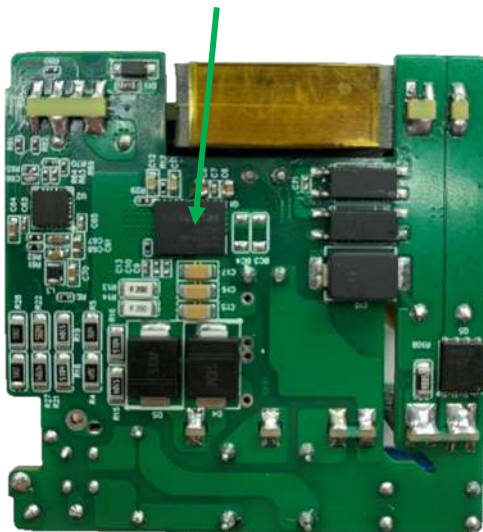
No Ringing, No Glitching!

140W-1C TTP+AHB = 130cc, 1.1W/cc

PFC Inductor Planar XFMR



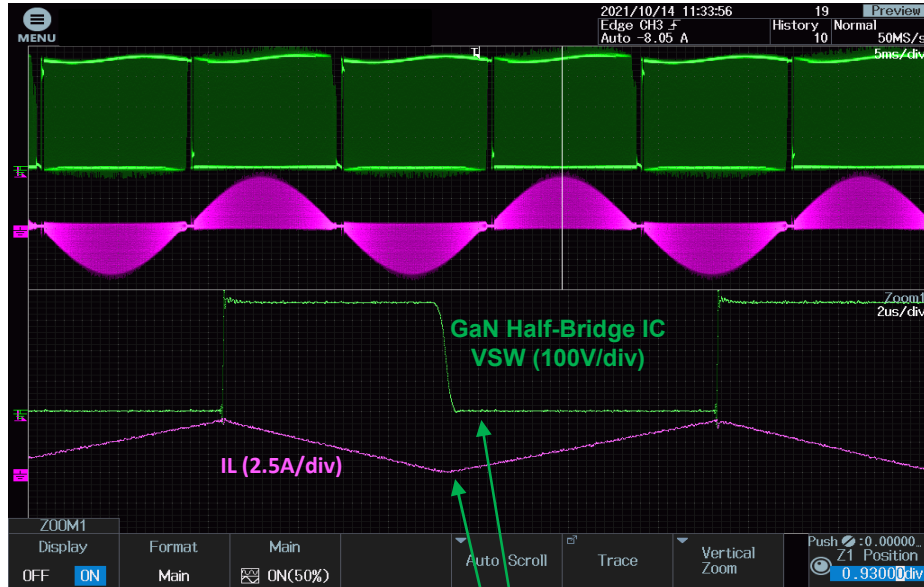
GaN Half-Bridge IC



- ✓ PCBA size: 60 x 60 x 25mm = 90cc
- ✓ Cased size (est.) = 65 x 65 x 30mm = 130cc
- ✓ Power Density = 1.1 W/cc

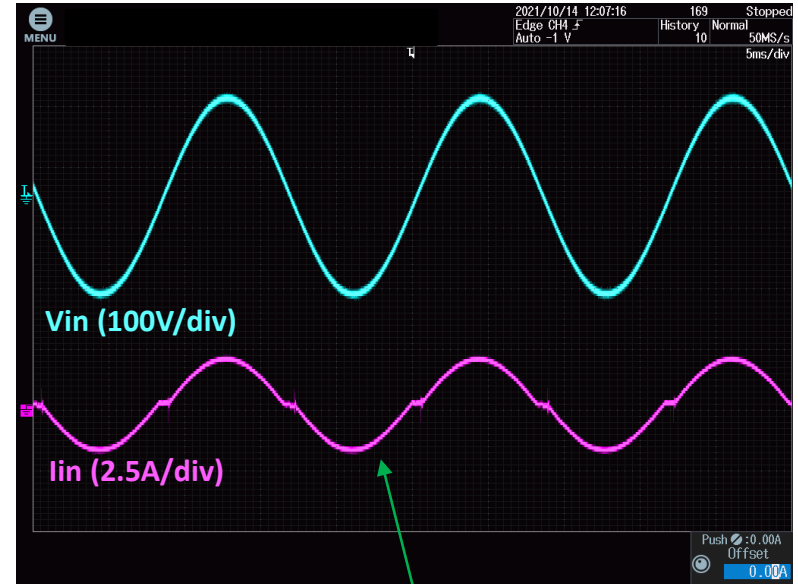
TTP Waveforms CRM Operation

Boost Circuit Waveforms ($V_{in}=115VAC$, $P_o=140W$)



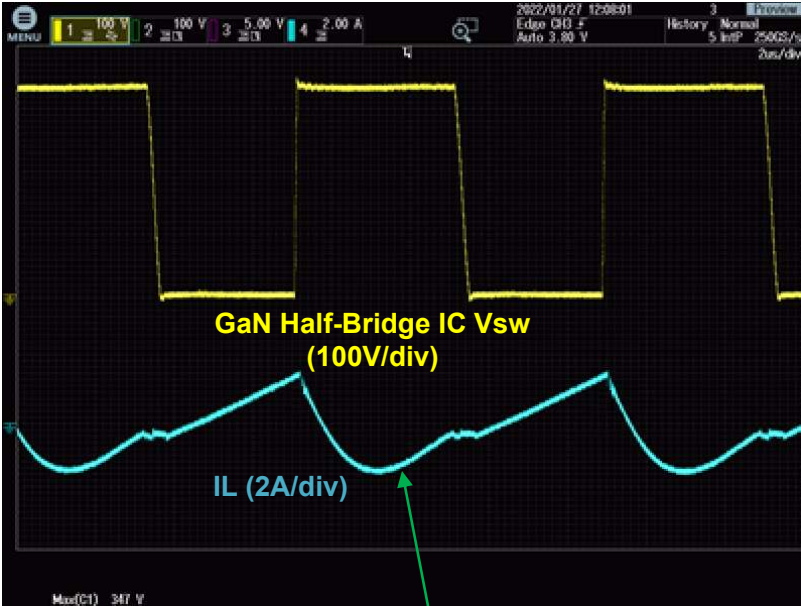
- Clean Boost Circuit Waveforms
- CRM Operating Mode

AC Input Waveforms ($V_{in}=115VAC$, $P_o=140W$)

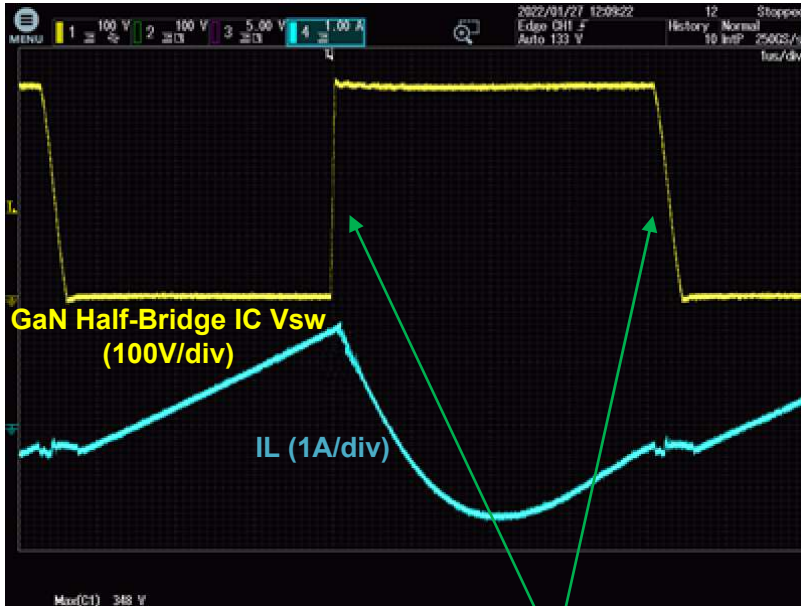


- Sinusoidal Input Current
- High Power Factor = 0.997

Clean & Smooth AHB Resonant ZVS Switching



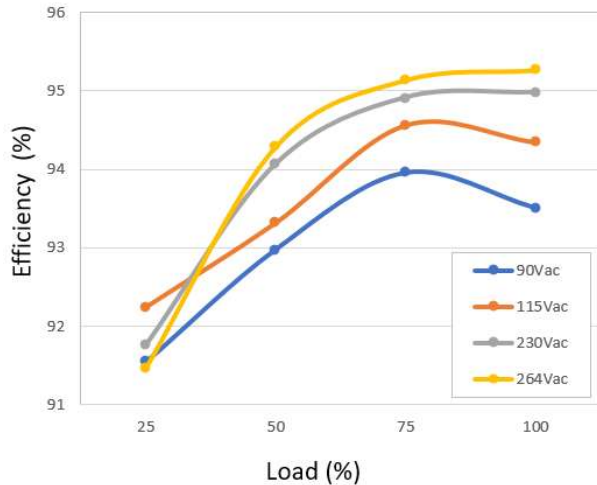
- AHB Tank Current
- Resonant Mode Operation



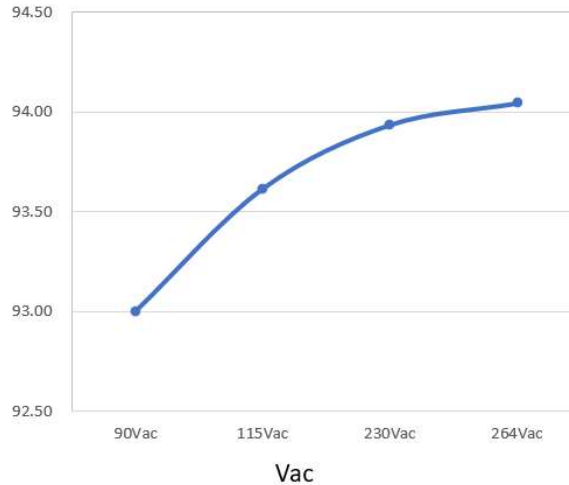
- GaN Half-Bridge Switched Node
- Resonant ZVS Switching

Highest Efficiency = Lowest Losses = Smallest Size

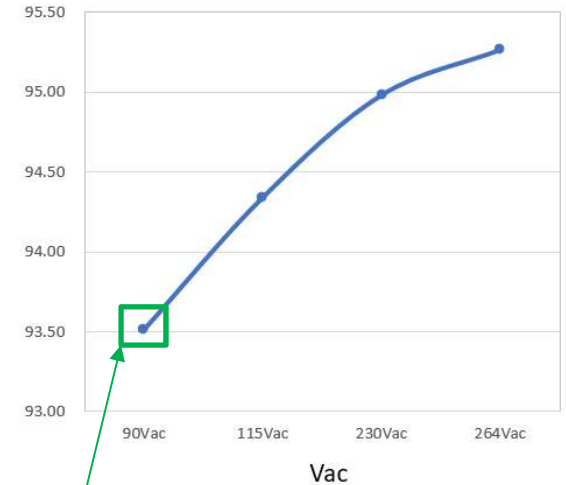
4 Point Efficiency



Average Efficiency



Max Load Efficiency



- **EFF = 93.5% @ 90VAC/140W/20V/7A**
- **+1% EFF increase vs existing solutions!**

Acknowledgements & Questions

Special Thanks To:

- *Xiucheng Huang (Navitas)*
- *Guoxing Zhang (Navitas)*

